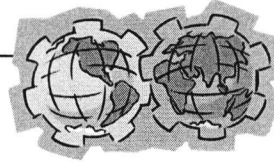


Foreign Policy

Name: _____

U.S. Foreign Policy



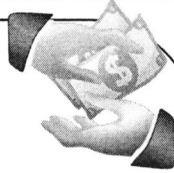
Definition:

Main Goals

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)

Key Players:

Foreign Aid



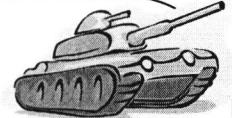
Definition:

Main Goals

Forms

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)

Military



Definition:

Main Goals

Active Groups

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)

Treaties



Definition:

Who is involved?

Example:




Foreign Policy

Name: _____

C. Who does what? The Constitution, the rulebook for the government, says who has which foreign policy powers. Using your notes, see if you can figure out who is responsible for which power and write them in the correct places in the chart bellows.

Negotiates and signs 2/3's of the Senate must approve Makes recommendations on and signs or vetoes bills into law.

As Commander-in-Chief, can send troops around the world Writes and passes bills Declares war

	 Foreign Aid	 Military	 Treaties
President			
Congress			

D. What do you think? Read the questions below carefully and check the answer that best reflects your opinion.

- Who do you think has the most difficult job when it comes to foreign policy?
 - President
 - Congress
- Why do you think the writers of the Constitution gave Congress a voice in most foreign policy decisions?
 - so the President can make decisions on his own and not listen to Congress
 - to make it really difficult for our country to respond in a war
 - to make sure that not just one person had all the power in making these important decisions, like whether or not to go to war



Why? List two reasons that you think that branch has the hardest job when it comes to foreign policy.

1)

2)